## **Curriculum Overview Template Music**

	Focus	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic	Rhythm	Melody	Instruments of the Orchestra	Gamelan	History of Pop	Folk Music
	Key concepts/ideas	To introduce students to basic rhythm notation and to give them the skills to read and write rhythms.	To introduce students to basic pitch notation and to give them the skills to read and write simple melodies.	To name the most commonly heard musical instruments and identify them by sound. To learn and apply terms used to describe music.	To investigate how music sounds outside of the Western Classical tradition. To learn how to work with others to create music.	An overview of pop music from the 1950s to the present day, showing how evolving technology and changing preferences have affected the music we listen to today.	Exploring the traditional music of the UK including English folk songs, jigs and reels.
Year 7	Key skills	Solo Performance Read and Perform Basic Rhythms	Solo Performance Keyboard Skills Melody Composition	Listening and Describing Music	Group performance and composition.	Listening and Describing Music Performing in time to a beat (fluency)	Group performance
Ye	Key terms/vocab	Semibreve Minim Crotchet Quaver Semiquaver Rest	Pitch (high and low) Note names (A, B, C, D, E, F, G) Treble Clef	Tempo (Adagio, Andante, Allegro) Dynamics (Piano, Forte, Mezzo-Piano, Mezzo-Forte, Pianissimo, Fortissimo, Crescendo, Diminuendo) Instruments (Violin, Viola, Cello, Double Bass, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Trumpet, Trombone, French Horn, Tuba, Timpani, Xylophone,	Gamelan Slendro Gong Metallaphone Drum Ostinato	Rock and Roll Rock Anthem Ballad Singer-Songwriter	Jig Reel Ballad

Assessment  Performance: Students record themselves clapping a rhythm from notation without having heard it before. Composition: Students write their own rhythm using the note values and can perform what they have written correctly. Listening: Students can listen to and repeat rhythms they hear being performed.  Performance: Students record a themselves playing a rhythm from notation without having heard it before. Composition: Students write their cown melody combining their knowledge of pitch and drythm using the note values and can perform what they have written correctly. Listening: Students can listen to and repeat rhythms they hear being performed.  Performance: Students record a performance: Students record a group performance: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Character theme based on Peter and and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.  Listening: Students create a character theme based on Peter and and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.  Listening: Students create a character theme based on Peter and and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.  Listening: Students create a character theme based on Peter and and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.  Performance: Students record a group performance: Students record a group performance of a gamelan piece. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Listening: Students can describe the elements of given lyrics. Listening: Students can identify styles of pop music and can give reasons to support their decision.	Independent learning / wider reading	Practice	Practice	Glockenspiel, Cymbal) Make your own garbage instrument.	The history and culture of Indonesia from	In-depth study of a famous pop artist or group	Research folk songs of the local area or those linked to
Students record themselves clapping a rhythm from notation without having heard it before.  Composition: Students write their own rhythm using the note values they have learned and can perform what they have written correctly.  Listening: Students record a performance showcasing changes in tempo and/or dynamics. Composition: Students write their own rhythm using the phase learned and can perform what they have written correctly. Listening: Students create a can listen to and repeat rhythms they hear being performed.  Students record a performance showcasing changes in tempo and/or dynamics. Composition: Ocomposition: Students write their own melody changes in tempo and/or dynamics. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Listening: Students create a character theme based on Peter and the Wolf elements of gamelan music and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.  Listening: Students record a group performance of a gamelan piece. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Listening: Students create a character theme based on Peter and the Wolf gamelan music and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.  Listening: Students and dynamics of a pre-recorded drumbeat. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Listening: Students create theme elements of gamelan music an deprivation and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that they hear.					•		family heritage
		Students record themselves clapping a rhythm from notation without having heard it before. Composition: Students write their own rhythm using the note values they have learned and can perform what they have written correctly. Listening: Students can listen to and repeat rhythms they hear being	Students record themselves playing a melody on the keyboard Composition: Students write their own melody combining their knowledge of pitch and rhythm notation. Listening: Students can spot the mistake	Students record a performance showcasing changes in tempo and/or dynamics.  Composition: Students create a character theme based on Peter and the Wolf Listening: Students describe the tempo and dynamics of a piece of unfamiliar music, and can name the instruments that	Students record a group performance of a gamelan piece. Composition: Students write and perform their own gamelan piece. Listening: Students can describe the elements of gamelan music heard in an unfamiliar	Students play the melody of a pop song in time to a pre-recorded drumbeat.  Composition: Students create their own melody for a pop song chorus based on given lyrics.  Listening: Students can identify styles of pop music and can give reasons to support their	Students sing part of a folk song.  Composition: Students write their own lyrics and melody to a ballad  Listening: Students can identify which part of the UK a piece of music comes from and give reasons to support their

	Focus	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1&2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic	Rhythm	Harmony	Dance Music	Blues & Jazz	Band Project
	Key concepts/ideas	To play and compose more complex rhythms that include sounds that occur between the beats.	To understand how major and minor chords are built and used to accompany a melody	To explore and identify different aspects of rhythm and metre through dance music from around the world	To investigate the history and evolution of jazz and how it has influenced modern pop music	To combine the skills learned throughout Year 7 ad Year 8 to create a group performance for a live audience.
	Key skills	Solo performance Read and perform rhythm notation	Solo performance Read and perform chord notation	Identifying and performing rhythms	Describing elements of jazz music	Group performance Rehearsal skills
<b>∞</b>	Key terms/vocab	Dotted Rhythm On-beat and Off-beat Syncopation Bar Barline	Chord/Triad Root Third Fifth Seventh Inversion Cadences	Time Signature Syncopation	12-bar Blues Walking Bass Swing Swung Quavers Ragtime	Ensemble Fluency
Year	Independent learning / wider reading	Practice	Practice	Research tasks exploring the history and culture of each dance style.	In-depth study of a famous jazz or blues artist	Independent rehearsals
	Assessment	Performance: Students record themselves clapping a rhythm from notation without having heard it before.  Composition: Students write their own rhythm using the note values they have learned and can perform what they have written correctly.  Listening: Students can listen to and repeat rhythms they hear being performed.	Performance: Students record a performance of "The Four-Chord Song". Composition: Students use their knowledge of chords to harmonise a given melody Listening: Students can identify major and minor chords, perfect and imperfect cadences by ear.	Performance: Students record themselves using melodies and chords to perform in different dance styles. Composition: Students write and record their own piece of music in the style of one of the dances covered. Listening: Students can identify styles of dance music and give evidence to support their answer.	Performance: Students record themselves performing a jazz piece featuring syncopation and swung rhythms.  Composition: Students create their own improvised solo to incorporate into a pre-existing jazz piece.  Listening: Students can identify styles of jazz music and give evidence to support their answer.	Students perform in a "Battle of the Bands" at the end of term.

1	Careers links			

	Focus	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic	African Rhythms	Bass Lines and Tonality	Songwriting	Film Music	History of Classical Music	Research Project
6.	Key concepts/ideas	To investigate how music sounds outside of the Western Classical tradition. To learn how to work with others to create music.	Key signatures, the concept of tonality and how this is used to shape a piece of music. Using a bassline to add direction to a chord progression and structure to a piece of music.	Students learn the art of writing their own song including how to come up with a catchy melody and how to create interesting accompaniments using chords and bass lines.	Explore the ways in which music can be used to enhance the emotional or dramatic impact of storytelling as seen in the music of film soundtracks.	To investigate the development of Western Classical Music from 1600 to the present day, identifying key features and composers of each of the main genres.	Students choose a musical style or artist that interests them. Through a guided series of tasks, they plan and execute a research project culminating in a final presentation which includes elements of performance, listening and composition.
Year	Key skills	Group performance Complex, multi- layered rhythmic patterns.	Composition	Composition Combination of melody (Y7), chords (Y8) and bass (Y9) into one composition task. Conveying the meaning of text through music	Identify and describe features of a piece of music. Introduce the concept of musical tropes/stereotypes and how these can be used to tell a story through music	Identifying eras of music history by ear.	Independent learning Composition Performance Listening Research
	Key terms/vocab	Djembe Dun Dun Polyrhythm Cross-Rhythm	Bass Clef Ground Bass Key signature Modulation Cadence	Verse Chorus Lyrics	Tonality Harmony Melody Tempo Dynamics Genre Rhythm and Metre Structure Texture Instrumentation Ornamentation	Renaissance Baroque Classical Romantic Serialism Minimalism Aleatoric	Key terms will depend on the topic chosen by the student

Independent learning / wider reading	Practice cross- rhythms	Investigate styles of music that use distinctive bass lines e.g. Baroque ground bass, Funk melodic bass.	Students create their own set of lyrics based on a given theme.	Explore the work of a named film composer and identify any common stylistic features across different films	In-depth study of the development of a particular feature of Classical Music over time. For example, this could include the changes in musical notation or the development of keyboard instruments	Additional research
Assessment	Performance: Perform polyrhythms and cross-rhythms confidently and accurately Composition: Write a rhythm piece which includes elements of syncopation, polyrhythm and cross-rhythm	Performance: Perform a melody and bass line or chords and bass line simultaneously (i.e. two-handed performance). Composition: Write a piece of music based upon a ground bass. Listening: Students can identify changes of key within a piece of music	Performance: Students act as conductor/producer, rehearsing others to play their own song. Composition: Students create their own song (melody, chords and bass) based on given lyrics. Listening: Students comment on examples of song writing, describing which musical features are effective and why.	Performance: Perform a piece of film music paying particular attention to tempo/dynamic/articulation markings to convey the story.  Composition: Create a short film soundtrack that tells a story through music.  Listening: Identify musical features and tropes and link them back to storytelling.	Performance: Perform a piece of music in the Baroque, Classical or Romantic style, using appropriate performance technique. Composition: Create a series of short 20 <sup>th</sup> century compositions exploring nontraditional methods. Listening: Identify musical eras by listening and give evidence to support the answer.	Final project submission
Careers links			Role of the conductor/producer Aspects of the songwriting industry.	Role of the film composer and the soundtrack as part of the media industry		

	Focus	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic	Rhythms of the	Concerto Through	Music for Media	Conventions of	Exam-Style	Feedback from
		World	Time	Coursework Prep	Рор	Questions	Mock Exam
		Coursework Prep	Coursework Prep		Coursework Prep	Coursework Prep	Coursework Prep
	Key concepts/ideas	To be able to	To be able to	To identify and	To be able to	To apply the	To improve exam
		identify music from	identify music	explain the ways in	identify music	knowledge of	technique and
		several different	from several	which music is used	from several	different musical	listening skills
		countries by ear.	different eras by	to enhance the	genres of pop by	styles in an exam	To complete
		To be able to name	ear.	telling of a story.	ear.	context.	composition
		the key features that	To be able to name	To complete	To be able to	To complete	exercises to prepare
		identify a style of	the key features	composition	name the key	composition	for coursework
		music.	that identify a style	exercises to prepare	features that	exercises to prepare	tasks.
		To complete	of music.	for coursework	identify a style of	for coursework	
		composition	To complete	tasks.	music.	tasks.	
		exercises to prepare	composition		To complete		
		for coursework	exercises to		composition		
		tasks.	prepare for		exercises to		
10			coursework tasks.		prepare for		
					coursework tasks.		
Year	Key skills	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural identification
Ü		Composition skills	Composition skills	Composition skills	Composition skills	Composition skills	Composition skills
<b>-</b>	Key terms/vocab	Key terms, features	Key terms,	The musical	Key terms,	See Autumn/Spring	See Autumn/Spring
		and instruments	features,	elements:	features,		
		found in:	instruments and	Tonality	technology and		
		Indian Classical	composers of the	Harmony	instruments found		
		Music	concerto during	Melody	in:		
		Bhangra	the following eras:	Tempo	Rock and Roll		
		Mediterranean	Baroque	Dynamics	Rock Anthems		
		Music (Greek, Israeli,	Classical	Genre/Context	Ballads of the		
		Palestinian)	Romantic	Rhythm and Metre	1970s, 80s and 90s		
		Samba		Texture	Solo Artists		
		Calypso		Structure			
		African Drumming		Ornamentation Instrumentation			
	Independent	Personal revision of	Personal revision	Personal revision of	Personal revision	Personal revision of	Personal revision of
	learning / wider	key terms	of key terms	key terms	of key terms	key terms	key terms
	reading	Compiling and		Compiling and	•	Compiling and	Compiling and
		listening to playlists		listening to playlists		listening to playlists	listening to playlists

	Composition	Compiling and	Composition	Compiling and	Composition	Composition
	Practice	listening to	Practice	listening to	Practice	Practice
	Performance	playlists	Performance	playlists	Performance	Performance
	Practice	Composition	Practice	Composition	Practice	Practice
		Practice		Practice		
		Performance		Performance		
		Practice		Practice		
Assessment	Practice questions	Practice questions	Practice questions	Practice questions	Progress exam	Practice questions
	Verbal assessment	Verbal assessment	Verbal assessment	Verbal assessment		Verbal assessment
Careers links						

	Focus	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer
	Topic	Rhythms of the World	Concerto Through Time	Rhythms of the World	Concerto Through Time	Revision
		Conventions of Pop	Music for Media	Conventions of Pop	Music for Media	
		Coursework	Coursework	Coursework	Coursework	
	Key concepts/ideas	To be able to identify	To be able to identify	To be able to identify	To be able to identify	Prepare for the June
		music from several	music from several	music from several	music from several	exam.
		different countries by	different eras by ear.	different countries by	different eras by ear.	
		ear.	To be able to name the	ear.	To be able to name the	
		To be able to identify	key features that identify	To be able to identify	key features that	
		music from several	a style of music.	music from several	identify a style of	
		genres of pop by ear.	To identify and explain	genres of pop by ear.	music.	
		To be able to name the	the ways in which music	To be able to name the	To identify and explain	
		key features that	is used to enhance the	key features that	the ways in which	
		identify a style of	telling of a story.	identify a style of	music is used to	
		music.		music.	enhance the telling of a	
					story.	
	Key skills	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural identification	Aural Identification
11		Composition skills	Composition skills	Composition skills	Composition skills	Revision
	Key terms/vocab	Key terms, features and	Key terms, features,	Key terms, features	Key terms, features,	See Autumn/Spring
Year		instruments found in:	instruments and	and instruments found	instruments and	
o		Indian Classical Music	composers of the	in:	composers of the	
<b>-</b>		Bhangra	concerto during the	Indian Classical Music	concerto during the	
		Mediterranean Music	following eras:	Bhangra	following eras:	
		(Greek, Israeli,	Baroque	Mediterranean Music	Baroque	
		Palestinian) Samba	Classical	(Greek, Israeli, Palestinian)	Classical	
		Calypso	Romantic	Samba	Romantic	
		African Drumming	The musical elements:	Calypso	The musical elements:	
		Rock and Roll	Tonality	African Drumming	Tonality	
		Rock Anthems	Harmony	Rock and Roll	Harmony	
		Ballads of the 1970s,	Melody	Rock Anthems	Melody	
		80s and 90s	Tempo	Ballads of the 1970s,	Tempo	
		Solo Artists	Dynamics	80s and 90s	Dynamics	
		3010 / 11 (1313	Genre/Context	Solo Artists	Genre/Context	
			Rhythm and Metre	3010 / 11 (1313	Rhythm and Metre	
			Texture		Texture	
			Structure		Structure	
			Ornamentation		Ornamentation	

		Instrumentation		Instrumentation	
Independent learning /	Personal revision of key	Personal revision of key	Personal revision of	Personal revision of key	Personal revision of
wider reading	terms	terms	key terms	terms	key terms
	Compiling and listening	Compiling and listening	Compiling and	Compiling and listening	Compiling and
	to playlists	to playlists	listening to playlists	to playlists	listening to playlists
	Composition	Composition	Composition	Composition	
	Performance	Performance	Performance	Performance	
Assessment	Interim coursework	November Mock	Interim coursework	Interim coursework	Practice Questions
	deadlines (fortnightly)	Interim coursework	deadlines (fortnightly)	deadlines (fortnightly)	
	Practice questions	deadlines (fortnightly)	Practice questions	Practice questions	
	Verbal assessment	Practice questions	Verbal assessment	Verbal assessment	
		Verbal assessment			
Careers links					