

Welcome to the Geography Taster Session

A level Teaching Staff Miss Edwards (Head of Geography) Mrs Warden Mrs Fisher Mr Hughes Mr Atkins

A level

Area of Study 1. Dynamic Landscapes (25% of the A level specification content)

Topic 1: Tectonic Processes and Hazards

Tectonic processes, a study of the causes of tectonic hazards, the impact of tectonic activity on people, and responses to tectonic hazards.

Topic 2: Landscape Systems, Processes and Change

An integrated study of processes, landforms and landscapes. A study of one landscape system and the physical and human processes influencing change over time and space.

Choose one from:

- Option 2.1: Glacial landscapes and change
- Option 2.2: Coastal landscapes and change

Area of Study 2. Dynamic Places (25% of the A level specification content)

Topic 3: Globalisation

A study of globalisation, its causes and consequences for different people and places.

Topic 4: Shaping Places

A study of how and why places are shaped and changed, the meanings and identities attached to different places and the consequences for different people.

Choose one from:

- Option 4.1: Regenerating Places
- Option 4.2: Diverse Places

Area of Study 3. Physical Systems and Sustainability (25% of the A level specification content)

Topic 5: The Water Cycle and Water Insecurity

Water cycle, human and natural factors that impact on water cycling, consequences for water security and future water conflicts.

Topic 6: The Carbon cycle and Energy Security

Carbon cycle, human and natural factors impacting on carbon cycling, the consequences for ecosystems and management strategies.

Topic 7: Climate Change Futures

Exploring the links between the carbon and water cycles through climate change.

Area of Study 4. Human Systems and Geopolitics (25% of the A level specification content)

Topic 8: Superpowers

Superpowers, the reasons for shifting economic and political power, the impacts of superpowers, influence of superpowers in governing the global commons.

Topic 9: Global Development and Connections

Choose one :

- Option 8: Health, Human Rights and Intervention
- Option 9: Migration, Identity and Sovereignty



• Minimum 4 days for A level!

 Independent investigation at A level 20% (incorporates fieldwork and research).



Liverpool / North Wales July 2018



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AVERN

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Iceland Expedition 2010 / 2016









Topic 7: Superpowers

Prepare For Your Learning

What is a superpower?



<u>A superpower</u>: A nation with the ability to project its influence anywhere in the world to be a dominant global force.



For each factor-suggest why it is important.





Democracy

Military power

Large military

<u>Agree Your</u> Learning Outcomes

What are superpowers?



- To know what a superpower is.
- To understand superpower characteristics.

Learning Outcomes:

<u>A Grade</u>: Students will be able to evaluate superpower characterisitcs and their importance.

<u>B Grade</u>: Students will be able to assess superpower characteristics and their importance.

<u>C Grade</u>: Students will be able to explain in detail how superpower characteristics influence power.

Topic 7: Superpowers





For each decision, write down your justification.

You will be designing a superpower. You will be given a catalogue where you must select one characteristics per page.

Your task is to design the perfect nation state which will achieve superpower status.

You have 20 superpower points to spend.

Your job is to choose a characteristic from each page-you must not go above your superpower spending budget.

We will then test your states resilience.



Superpower Catalogue



Your task is to design the perfect nation state which will achieve superpower status.

You have 20 superpower points indicated by this token: \heartsuit



Your job is to choose a characteristic from each page-you must not go above your superpower spending budget.

We will then test your states resilience.

Good luck!

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	<u>Superpower</u> points used	<u>Key</u> thoughts/justification	<u>News round points</u>
Political System			
Military			
Economy			
Culture			
Quality of life			
Population			
Geopolitics			
<u>TOTAL:</u>			

Political System

Voice

Every citizen has an equal say in the workings of government. Citizens elect legislators who, in turn, make laws. Ideas are exchanged freely, and discussion is encouraged. While the democratic process tends to focus on group equality and the free flow of ideas, the leader of the group is still there to offer guidance and

control.

Wealth





Characterized by the split between two classes of individuals-the class which own the means for producing and distributing goods (the owners) and the workers. The economy is run by the individuals (or corporations) who own and operate companies and make decisions as to the use of resources. This type of government in its purest form is a society in which the market sets prices for the sole purpose of profits and any inefficiency or intervention that reduces profit making will be eliminated by the market.



Equality

States are often dominated by a single party, or a group of people. A planned economy is often part of the governing class, and in many cases resources are taken and then redistributed to others, at the top of the system. In a lot of cases, citizens are required to do certain jobs, or have some of their life decisions especially concerning where they can live and what jobs they can do.



Control

There is one main individual ruling the country. While there are others who work for the ruler, he or she makes most of the decisions. In some cases, the political system is run by a small group of people and are not restricted by constitutions or parliaments. The governed are usually not consented in any way. Elections held are usually affairs in which there is the only candidate.







Military Power

Nuclear State

You will have nuclear weaponry at your disposal such as:

- Land-based intercontinental ballistic missiles
- Sea-based, nuclear submarine-launched ballistic missiles.
- Air-based nuclear weapons

You also have top of the range space and missile technology and a member of NATO.



Regional State

You have a growing regional influence with your military. You are investing heavily in military technology. National service is compulsory. The space programme is in its infancy but the third country ever to launch a human into space in 2003 and has been expanding its space program ever since.



Intra-State

You have a small military with limited regional influence. Although you have a large army you have outdated technology and air force capability however extensive global intelligence. Space programmes are ongoing for scientific research.









Peaceful State

The armed forces are the second largest in the region. There is a limited threat from nearby so many troops are not involved in active interventions. There is compulsory military service. Historically poor record with space expeditions.





Economy

Technical

The economy has high tech modern infrastructure for example high speed rail links. GDP is growing slowly each year but the GDP is large. Most people work in tertiary and quaternary with a growing percentage in quinary. There is a large presence of TNCs. Dwindling reserves of oil and gas leading to exploration in environmentally sensitive areas.





<u>Growth</u>

Characterized by a rapidly growing economy with a large presence of TNCs however this has only been since the 1980's as most of infrastructure and services are centrally controlled and owned. There is a reliance on imported raw materials. Large percentage working in secondary sector jobs but large division of labour between rural and urban areas.





Resource

An emerging state with a growing economy. Large bank of natural resources which the country certainly makes the most of. Infrastructure is developing but challenging due to the nature of the countries relief and physical characteristics but has been improving in the last 10 years due to recent worldwide events. Widespread inequalities in wealth. Secondary sector labour dominates. This state is vulnerable to boom and bust phases.





<u>Past</u>

A state with major industries in mining and extraction industries producing coals, oil, gas, chemicals, and metal. There is a high performance aircraft and space vehicles. Most of the population work in service sector jobs. With small unemployment rate. GDP is low in comparison to similar





Culture

<u>Global</u>

12 of the top 16 TNCs originate in this state on the brand value. This state has dominated global culture since the 1990s in particular its influence on the arts, food and the media. Common language with a focus on attaining wealth.





<u>Trust</u>

General poor relations regionally but also with other countries across the globe. Has had to gain trust from other countries following poor representation in the media. However there is a growing interest following global events which have been happening in recent times.





Emerging

Has had a growing influence in terms of culture following holding global worldwide events however this may not have ran as smoothly as the state would have liked. The area is famous for many festivals and carnivals and is increasing in its popularity as a tourist destination.



<u>Limited</u>

The biggest TNC in the nation ranked 100 on the Brand value list. Has a poor reputation in terms of innovation and patents with a reputation for counterfeit goods. Media is tightly controlled by the







Quality of life

<u>Medium</u>

General high levels of poverty. Many people live below the poverty line. Life expectancy is 75.7. 96.4% of people can read and write. 86.6% have access to sanitation. Ranked 12 in





<u>High</u>

Big difference between the rich and the poor. 43rd in the world for life expectancy rates. 100% of population has access to adequate sanitation. 10.4% unemployment rate. Ranked 10th in the world for HDI value. Life expectancy





Generally High

Low unemployment rate with approx. 13% of people below the poverty line. Ranked 50 in the world in terms of its HDI. Literacy rate is 99.4% but ranked 100 in the world for investment of GDP into education. 77% access



Low

Wars.

High crime rate with history of drug offences. Extreme inequality. High birth rates. Literacy rate is 92.6% with an unemployment rate of 16.1%. Ranked 79 in the world for HDI. 88% ess to adequate sanitation. Life expectancy 74 years.



Population

Technically innovative

English is widely spoken. The population have high levels of education and are forward thinking working in quaternary and quinary sectors. Many headquarters of TNCs locate here to design and innovate. Population is sedentary and ageing. 3rd largest population in the world.





Emerging middle class

There is a growing middle class. Wealth is increasingly vastly in this nation and they are becoming high level of consumers. Many people are buying cars, meats and consuming high levels of energy. The rest of the country is mainly poor. Largest population in the world but large gender imbalance and small fertility rate. Ageing population.



<u>Youthful</u>

Youthful population provides a large potential workforce for the country with big human resources. 5th largest population in the world although English is not widely spoken. Growing middle class and maturing consumer economy but education levels lag behind its competitors.



Unhealthy

Ageing and declining population. The population is also very unhealthy. Population is 9th in the world in terms of its size.









Geopolitics

<u>Global</u>

Has a permanent seat on the UN security council. A member of a trade bloc. Many intergovernmental organisations originate in this state.





Regional

Limited influence on global stage and has often stirred away from relationships and influence with western states. Tense relationships with neighbours.





Growing

Traditionally been a weak state that has lacked the resources and institutional capacity to greatly impact the world around it. Ex colony of a once powerful veaker nation.



Difficult diplomatic and geopolitical relationships with trade blocs and major global nations. Permanent seat on the









Your nation state has held a referendum on a decision to remain part of a trading bloc. After a long campaign the results are in.

- Lose 2 points if you gave your country a vote as you have lost regional power. (Voice)
 - 2. Gain 2 points in you chose wealthprivate businesses are set to gain through new trade deals. (Wealth)
- Gain 3 points if you did not allow your country to vote as you have maintained your regional power. (Equality and control)



World War 3 has begun. Two major nations have rallied their allies and are about to go into battle. You have chosen a side and are ready to engage.

1. Gain 5 points if you are a nuclear state. You have all of the power to win.

 Gain 2 points if your nation has national service-you can contribute troops and enhance your allies. (Regional state)
 Gain 1 point if you have global intelligence-you can help spy on your

opponents. (Intra-state)

4. Loose 5 points for no intervention. (Peaceful state)



There has been a global recession. Lack of regulation on global banking has led to collapse of many private banks hitting many countries economies hard all around the world.

- Loose 5 points if you have presence of TNCs in your state-this level of privatisation has led to the problem. (Technical and Growth)
 - 2. Gain 5 points if you have a centrally planned economy-you did not allow TNCs to invest heavily. (Resource)
- Gain 3 points if you have an educated or technical workforce-your state can work hard to get out of the situation. (Past)



You have been selected to host a global event. This has created a buzz around your nation and has began to improve your reputation with other nations around the world.

 Gain 5 points if you have held a global event. (Global, trusting and emerging)
 Loose 2 points if you have not. (Limited)

- 3. Gain 3 points if you already dominate the media-you will have a licence to televise all of the events. (Global)
- 4. Loose 5 points if your nation controls the media. (Limited)



Your nation has been hit with a disease epidemic.

1.Loose 5 points if you have poverty. You will struggle to provide support to those infected. (ALL)
2. Loose 10 points if you have less than 90% sanitation. (Low, Medium and Very High)



There has been a nation which has had a series of human rights abuses. The UN Security Council have voted on whether there should be some form of geopolitical intervention.

- Gain 10 points if you have a seat on the UN Security Council. (Global and limited)
- 2. Lose 5 points if you have difficult geopolitical relationships. (Regional and Limited)
- 3. Lose 3 points if you have no influence in your nation. (Growing and Regional

Total your points!





Email your answers to:-eths.derbyshire.sch.uk Edwards@queenelizabeths.derbyshire.sch.uk

Email your answers to:-.

superpower?

For more transition work go to:-

 <u>https://www.queenelizabeths.derbyshire.sch.uk</u> /useful-links/resources-for-year-11-and-13/

